





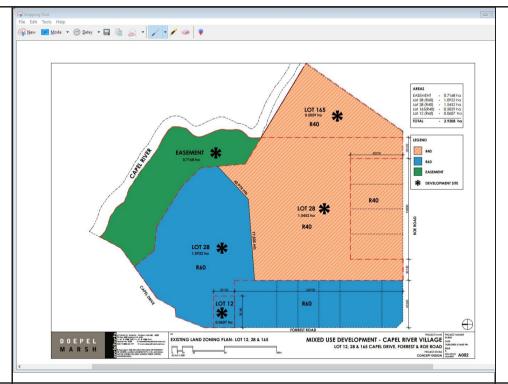






		Design Review nel	
	Review and Red	commendations	
Local government	Shire of Capel		
Item no.	21		
Date	30 May 2025		
Time	09:30am		
Location	Microsoft Teams		
Panel members	Craig Smith Gordana Nesic-Simic Kent Lyon	Chair Member Member	
Disclosures of interest	Nil		
Local government officers	Bob Wallin	Coordinator Planning	
Proponent/s	Kim Doepel Janine Marsh	Doepel Marsh Architects Doepel Marsh Architects	
Observer/s	Schae Haskett	City of Busselton	
Design review	•	•	

Proposed development	There are two parts to the proposal. Mixed use development & Tourist Development	The revised proposal is as follows: Mixed use development and tourist development
	 14 dual key short stay accommodation units 8 future 2 storey accommodation units Reception area Community facility Existing tavern 	 28 short stay 1 bed x 1 bathroom accommodation units – Stack units consisting of 2 and 3 storeys (including 2 x accessible units) 3 storey accommodation units – with 4 x single units, 4 x 2 bed x 2 bath
	Over 55s permanent dwellings consisting of: • 53 units • Reception and clubhouse• Parking facilities • Men's shed • Vegetable gardens • Park lands	 Reception area is now designated to existing Capel Tavern – new separate facility Community facility – Short Stay recreation facility and Art Interpretation in existing Heritage Stable Shed building Existing tavern Over 55s permanent dwellings consisting of: 52 units – Average Lot size 220m2 4 x 3 bed x 2 bath dwellings 40 x 2 bed x 2 bath dwellings 8 x 1 bed x 1 bath dual dwellings 43 of 52 dwellings are single storey, with the remaining in a 2/3 story apartment building with 8 x 2b x 2bath apartments and 1 x 3b x 3b Reception and Clubhouse, and Mensheds Parking facilities Vegetable gardens Park lands
Property address	Lots 12, 28 and 165 Capel Drive, Forrest Road and Roe Road, Capel.	
Background	The proposal was presented to the Design Review Panel prior to formal lodgement of a development application. The applicant has met once with shire staff to discuss general ideas and context. The northern portion of the subject land is zoned Commercial, the southern portion is zoned Mixed Use Residential with a density code of R40 and a portion of land to the north east, which is flood prone, is reserved for recreation and forms part of the Capel River environment. (Ref: Extract of zoning map below)	Regional Open Space: The requirements for Public open space – The WAPC may accept all of the subdividers 10 per cent public open space contribution providing WAPC and or the relevant authority that the subject land can continue to be available for local public open space. The ROS is subject to an Easement 409121 and the 7079m² can continue to be available as LPOS.



Proposal

The following feedback is sought by Council:

Landscaping

☐ No communal open space

Storage not achieved – short stay noted.

Landscaping

Plan E have been engaged and have provide a very detailed Master Plan and precinct specific plans.

Communal Open Space:

Short Stay:

Retrofit of Stables as Rec Room, Alfresco BBQ Area

Play Ground

Over 55 Communal Open Space:

Putting Green

Alfresco BBQ area

Games Area: table tennis, chess

Pétanque

Communal Garden & Orchid Woodland Exercise Park

Pond and Bridge Area

Mixed Use (Lot 12):

Not required

Storage:

Was shown on plans. Except for Short Stay where not required, both Over 55 and Lot 12 all apartments have

		etoroe	and in the majority of cases all have 1m² more
		than s	tatutory for bike storage,
	□ □ No bicycle parking bays - 2.5 bays required.	Was sh	e Bays: nown on plans. All 3 precincts have in excess of the ry number of bicycles required
R	EVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS		
PROPONENT PRESENTATION	N .		
Ms Marsh presented on behalf of commentary from Mr Doepel	of the proponent in accordance with the 10 design principles of SP	P7.3, with further	
The panel considered the verbal submission documentation is ac	presentation, the written submission and project drawings. The preknowledged.	eliminary nature of the	
PROPONENT CLARIFICATION	NS		
The proponent provided closing	remarks following panel's review comments.		
Conceded the preliminaAcknowledged that ther	ry nature of the documents. e will be changes.		

OVERVIEW

This is an unusual project from a planning perspective:

- The size and nature of the proposed use is new to Capel.
- The project is planned as a staged development.
- The important heritage listed Tavern forms and integral part of the development.
- The potential of the river frontage is unmatched by other sites in Capel.
- The proposal to separate parking from units and the introduction of electric buggies for internal circulation is a novel approach and in most ways a commercial decision to be made. However, similar projects considered by the Panel have, as a response to market pressure, all had carports attached to the dwellings and a mix of shared and separated access ways.

There are errors in the report that are not recorded here, but should be corrected in the DA documentation.

Due to the preliminary nature of the documents and the complexity of the proposal there is a substantial amount of detailed comment and a number of questions in the review.

The project has good intent an in its early stages, but some serious rethinking is required to lift the project to what it could be.

The Summary Evaluation that follows includes comments on project *strengths* and positive feedback and *areas for improvement* or otherwise under question. Various specific recommendations are also made in below.

The heritage-listed structures have been carefully integrated into the development, with the adaptive reuse of the stables creating a communal open space that provides an inviting area for residents and visitors to gather and enjoy.

Market research shows that older-age cohorts place a high value on environments that support walking, social interaction and safe mobility, rather than being overly car-dominant. For example, studies indicate that walkability, pedestrian safety and proximity to services are key drivers for seniors when choosing housing. In response, the client brief has focused on delivering a pedestrian-friendly and safe environment for Over 55s, which market evidence confirms tends to appeal to the retiree bracket.

The revised design has considered the DRP comments and located vehicular parking and car access closer to the individual units via a perimeter road, reducing internal traffic, and provision of buggy parking adjacent to dwellings, thereby promoting convenient, low-impact mobility within the site while preserving the enjoyment of the communal internal spaces.

Mixed use pedestrian/ buggy paths are provided as well as Resident Access only roads for 2 way vehicle access at two ends of the development of Roe Road.

Good Design Principles	Comments	
1: Context and character	Strengths a) The proposed manufactured units could be supported. However, the detail and finish to the imported units needs to be convincingly demonstrated in the DA along with the functionality of the pitched roof elements, the appearance of which is supported. a) Detail and finish of the units materiality shown in medical with the DA. The short stay units have been with the DA along proposed 3 storey apartment development is more traditional in keeping with the tavern roof shape for Articulation of roof forms to differentiate short stay dwellings from over 55 units.	kept the
	b) Recognises the potential tourist value of the river foreshore and the Tavern. b) The Short stay has been developed around the foc the river and the accessibility to the tavern	us on
	c) Restoration of the Tavern and Stables c) Restoration of stables forms an interesting communopen space for guests	nal
	d) The scale of the proposed buildings is appropriate.	
	Areas for improvement	, n
	e) The single storey residential solution uses a lot of land for the yield and looks over-developed in plan. e) The site coverage is only 34% and lot sizes are a average of 220m². At the same time over 2,000m² communal open space is provided for the residen	² of
	f) More could be done to make the permanent units, which look like tightly packed resort, to have more of the comforts of normal residential accommodation. f) The over 55 unit developments have been spaced accordingly to comply with R40 average lots sizes of 220m2, and a minimum of 180m2, except for the 8 lot sizes.	
	g) The grid for the over 55s section may be an efficient layout but it lacks optimal connection to the river and pedestrian view lines around the site. g) The over 55 developments have now been spaced provide landscaped areas between dwellings to cre communities with open space parking areas, allowing most units to be north facing. All units have minimus silver access Liveability Guideline requirements. Multiple view corridors of the river have been provide throughout the precinct.	eate ing ım
	h) The project could still reinforce the town centre's local heritage context by better defining the Tavern's connectivity and presentation to the street, bridge and foreshore. Management of the riverfront needs to be clarified. h) The revised proposal aims to create green links with access to river views throughout. Connectivity to the tavern has been created with streets pedestrian links to the tavern, short stay and into the centre via Lot 12. The building form of Lot 12 response the architectural form of Tavern roof shape and low of immediate streetscapes	rong ne tov

Short Stav Units Adjacent to Tavern: The short stay units 1-8 may be within the curtilage of The Short Stay units, located close to the Tayern and classified the state listed Tayern and require different design as Category B - Considerable Significance, have been constraints to the remainder of the site designed to remain low-profile with a simple "glass box" **design** to ensure the Tayern remains the predominant feature of the precinct. Griffiths Architects have been the Heritage Consultants. New buildings including garages, sheds and outbuildings on land that contains a building or place on the Heritage List should be o designed to not detract from the listed building(s) on the site. The listed building(s) should remain the dominate building(s) on the site. New buildings should respect the scale, form and proportions of the listed building(s). New buildings are to complement the materials and colours of the listed building(s) The difficulty of addressing two street frontages and Further detail has been included to show Entry Statement three access points is acknowledged. Addressing both arrival to new development with secure access points at streets is a logical approach however the entrances Roe Road and off Forrest Road, Refer A401 could better frame the development. The access points in Roe lack a sense of arrival or reinforcement/improvement of the streetscape. k) Further information is required on setbacks to the Setbacks to existing residential lots on Roe Road existing development on Roe Road. Which appear to be increased to 3m to create a substantial landscape buffer. around 1m and difficult to make useful. Primary Street setbacks elsewhere to comply with R40 codes. Rejigging the layout could produce a better outcome. Revised scheme provides reorientated units with more for instance the removal or relocation of units 2 and 5 space between units, closer carparking, views to River and north facing lots where possible. could create more space and landscape for all rows through to units 30-33. m) The tavern car park is a casual arrangement and m) Tavern carparking remains, with better pedestrian access somewhat convoluted, but workable. Pedestrians created to provide safe access for short stay and over 55 should however be given a higher priority. Existing development. Trees have been assessed by Arborist and trees, including the large Coral (Flame) tree near the remain where possible if healthy. NW secure gate should be retained where ever possible.

n)	Units 47-49 are too close to the near vertical edge of the river.	n)	Due to Bushfire assessment this zone where units 47 – 49 were situated has become a 27m Asset Protection Zone and therefore units have been moved away from edge.
o) p)	Location of 50-52 is questioned in respect to amenity and side setback (combined length). Access to the front row of the short stay to be clarified.	0)	These units have been relocated to Reception Clubhouse entry, setbacks to comply with R40 requirements.
q)	The Medical building requires better defined. It is noted	p) q)	Access is via footpath to units Lot 12 building has been articulated refer A412
r)	as 3 storey in the report, but not on the drawings. The access to shops might be discussed with adjoining	4) r)	Access to shops Via Lot 12 which is part of this overall
,	owners and Council to assess pedestrian access to shops along the western boundary.	'	development and therefore provide access for the Over 55 and Lot 12 Users.
s)	Heritage issues have to be clarified and dealt with through Heritage WA and a Conservation Plan.	s)	Tavern will remain as is. Existing Heritage stables will be assessed/ surveyed and made safe. Griffiths Architects have been engaged as Heritage Architects.
t)	Small scale drawings and minimal site dimensions made some analysis difficult.	t)	Larger scale drawings provided with dimensions and setbacks.

2: Landscape quality **Strenaths** a) Existing trees, including borrowed landscape a) Existing trees, including borrowed landscape. remains b) The integration of the river front. b) The integration of the river front. Parking, services and community facilities along the rail Parking, services and community facilities alignment along the rail alignment d) Use of the 6-8m fall to river north of the intersection of Lot d) Use of the 6-8m fall to river north of the 165 intersection of Lot 165 a) Refer Landscape Architecture Concept Design Plans and landscape calculations. (Plan E have Areas for improvement a) The landscape area including the river easement is been engaged) generous, but the measurement method is unclear. b) The proposal aims to retain significant trees and sufficient TPZ to provide open space adjacent units - and providing a 'green heart' to development with links throughout. Refer Design b) Consider a green heart and more direct visual connection to Strategy Diagrams. units and linkages across the development. c) New drawing shows existing and retained trees, also refer Arborist Report. d) Carparks and buggies are situated in close proximity in current proposal. Resident car bays c) The drawing A102 showing retained and lost existing trees to have paving that allows drainage though. and new trees could be clearer, particularly on variety, size Extent of roadways have been reduced in the and condition. Over 55 Development especially around the Club House area with the large turning circle d) The extent of impervious paying resulting from the separation removed. of cars and buggies is more than otherwise expected. e) Landscaping as per Council guidelines and refer Landscape Architecture submission. High quality communal spaces provided. Covered shade structures provided to parking. Trees added to every 4 bays where no existing trees are located. And mature trees remain in key areas. New trees to replace removed trees. e) Aim to strengthen the street boundaries with quality Refer Plan E's documentation for Mature Tree landscaping. Canopy. Permeable materials have been used. Refer Landscape Plans. Refer Landscape plans and varied pallet of materials. Make more use of trees, including street trees. Provide shade in the parking areas. Aim at a mature canopy of 30% h) Various widths of verges have been

	of site area. Consider small areas of turf or other permeable	accommodated
	materials to vary the ground finishes and improve drainage.	 i) Minimum distances for back to back units are 1.5m at rear. Refer revised plans as the layout has changed.
g) h) i)	Use landscape and hardscape to create a more inviting sense of arrival and street scape. Consider the use of materials such as stone in the landscape. Consider varying the width of internal verges for trees. Some narrow, potentially unusable strips of landscape separate units are including 2x1m between back to back units and less than 1m between 43-46 and 47-48. Landscape needs the input of a professional (assumed). Preparation of a Landscape Management Plan to inform the ongoing maintenance of the landscaping, especially trees and any potential BAL or management issues is recommended. River foreshore and public to private domains in particular. (Applies to Safety section as well). How will the sloping spaces under the short stay units be treated?	 j) Bushfire Management Plan refers to management of easement with an Asset Protection Zone, and a BMP submitted aspart of DA submission. k) Spaces under the short stay to be will have ground cover and allow for any major flooding as buildings elevated off the terrain. The intent is to avoid the traditional form of construction l) River to rail is outside the Lot Boundary of this particular development. m) Landscape species documented in Landscape Architecture documentation
l)	River to rail requires consideration.	
m)	White Myrtle is Hypocalymma angustifolium.	

3: Built form and scale	Strengths		
	a) The approach to form and scale is generally supported, though further development of the detail and layouts is expected.	a)	The design approach varies depending on the location within the site. The Short Stay units adopt a simple "glass box" design for the majority of units, maximising river and landscape views while maintaining a low profile so the <u>Tavern remains the predominant feature</u> . The three-storey apartment development behind provides larger rental options, with roof proportions that tie in with the Tavern. Griffiths Architects have reviewed and vetted the size and scale of these buildings. The Over 55s residential development is generally single-storey, except for the clubhouse at 2 storeys and the 2–3 storey accommodation along the perimeter adjacent to retail, which serves as a backdrop to the development while transitioning scale appropriately.
	b) More variety in the treatment of units would be beneficial	b)	Refer more detailed information in the DA Submission.
	Areas for improvement		
	c) No layouts were available for comment on much of the development around the tavern, which is planned as Stage 1.	c)	Larger scale drawings have been developed for areas around Short stay carpark, Reception, Clubhouse and Men's shed – refer A400 Series
	d) This is also the case with the Reception, Clubhouse and Men's Shed.	d)	As above
	e) Dimensions are required for all setbacks and circulation paths]	e)	Noted setback dimensions included
	f) Contours at unit 49 not provided ("inaccessible"). This pinch point at the river's edge is too tight. Consider State policies on development along waterways.	f)	Units removed from this edge
	g) Resolve all roof run offs and water collection, storage and drainage.	g)	Services/Hydraulics drawing to show roof drainage and water servicing.
	h) Composite panel sections are useful. Consider detailed sections to better confirm construction methods.	h)	Have been working in detailed process with the short stay module manufacturer. Discussion with selected supplier for The Over 55 modules / prefab panels. More detail on construction methodology to be provided in DD stage.
	i) There appear to be 34 car bays for the 36 short stay units	i)	Parking numbers and locations revised- 36 car bays provided
	j) Consider shade and shelter to the footpaths.	j)	Arbour areas have been included in various locations in the Over 55. In the Short Stay floating disc type shade forms have been introduced for shade / shelter and also wayfinding.
	 k) The built form and scale analysis (p13) should explain why this new form of development is a fit for Capel. 	k)	The proposed development responds to the context of Capel by balancing scale, form, and function.

	Lower-profile Short Stay units maintain the visual predominance of the Tavern, while the 2–3 storey apartments and Over 55s accommodation provide appropriate density and housing diversity without overwhelming the streetscape. The design integrates sensitively with surrounding residential, retail, and riverfront areas, using setbacks, landscaping, and building articulation to ensure the development complements Capel's character while delivering a contemporary, functional, and socially engaging environment
 Some confusion on the labels on elevations relative to the north point. 	l) Title blocks Northpoint updated

4: Functionality and build quality **Strenaths** a) The unit planning is simple and logical (given a couple of drafting errors to be corrected) b) circulation space Sections are useful, but unit roof construction is not shown. d) The material pallet appears appropriate. The composite wall, floor panels and roof construction will require certified performance outcomes, including fire resistance and acoustic performance. Areas for improvement e) More detail on the buggy solution is required. Most over 55s would likely opt for a carport attached/adjacent to their unit. The free standing "veranda" roofs look impressive, but how are wind and rain controlled. Smaller gaps and a lower pitch might help and also allow the decks to be a little wider The transformer on the street is not a great outcome or welcome.to the public/private entry on Roe.

Noted and corrected

h) Avoid bedroom windows facing each other with little separation

spaces separated by as little as 2400.

have no roof cover (e.g.p29).

about 2250).

otherwise screens or fencing will be required. Also true of living

Ceiling heights appear to be 2400, which is too low. (They scale at

Are the stores roofed or not? If not they need to be. The front doors

on buggy use should be minimised or it could make it look more like

k) Healthy active lifestyles should be promoted for over 55s. The focus

- b) The site cover for the Over 55 is 34% and 24% for the Short Stav allowing remaining areas for circulation and landscaping.
- Roof Construction of Pods developed Refer A500 Series
- d) All material palettes to be BAL 29 rated and Acoustic rated per Lot
- e) The buggies will be provided through the concierge and stored in charging storage area. See notes previously re moving parking closer to the units.
- f) A variety of design options is provided for the Over 55s, including single-storey dwellings, dual-level townhouses, allowing flexibility to suit different lifestyles and preferences
- a) No transformer is now required. Advice from Electrical consultants
- h) All units in over 55s are separated by 1500mm to a fence line as per a standard home. Where possible living areas are not facing each other.
- Minimum for NCC habitable spaces. R Code Volume 1 only specifies 2.65m for habitable spaces and 2.4m non habitable spaces for 'Multiple dwellings', No minimum requirements for Grouped or Single Dwellings. Ceiling heights are 2.7m for the Mixed Use (Lot 12) and Over 55 and 3 storey Short Stay. The glass boxes for the remaining Short Stay area lower.
- The stores are roofed and front doors will have roof cover.
- k) Healthy active lifestyle is promoted in clubhouse with a range of activities.

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	a village for the less able-bodied.	Buggy use provided with opportunity for longer distances to the Tavern etc. The whole concept is for healthy living and promotion of all sporting activities active and passive as well as walking trials and exercise areas in the park
l)	The Parking along the western edge is poorly related to the individual units and a very unattractive access way. Consider grouping the parking to improve individual amenity and provide a more equitable distribution (See also 8.d) Safety).	Parking is grouped in unit clusters in this proposal closer to each person's accommodation.
m)	Fencing and access is not fully resolved. There are buggies for short stay visitors with what appears to be access to the whole development.	m) Secure fencing surround Over 55 Development with key/ card swipe access. Buggy use is for Short Stay operations and maintenance/concierge only. Refer documentation to show extent of fences and controlled accesses.
n)	Better integrate landscape into the overall operation.	n) Refer Landscape plans for information
o)	If the windows have surrounds as per p33 then the gap between these and the handrail would be roughly 900mm for access.	o) Access reviewed and compliant.
p)	Provide more detailed site dimensions and make good drafting omissions and inconsistent 3d images.	p) Plans updated to reflect to reflect dimensions and 3D's updated.

5: Sustainability	strengths		
	a) Orientation suits passive outcomes.		Yes all units expect 3 in the whole development do not align with Table 2.2b SPP7.3 Vol 1 Part C. Those 3 units in the Over 55 are facing the
	b) Potential for natural ventilation to all residential units.		Woodland Park.
	c) Substantial tree retention.	b)	Yes all good cross ventilation Substantial tree retention and significant new
	c) Substantial tree retention.	()	trees added.
	d) Integrated water tanks, noted p10, but not shown.	d)	Option for Over 55's.
	e) PVs		Refer plans
	f) Low waste construction proposal.	1.	Priority of the design concept Refer ESD Report
	g) Landscape quality, water sensitive design including water tanks,	g)	Kelei ESD Kepolt
	reticulation, shading, PVs, EV charging, and strategic use of trees		
	for shade and wind control. Further detail encouraged.		
	reas for improvement	h)	Refer ESD Report
	h) Develop a sustainability strategy that identifies sustainability	11)	Telef Lob Teport
	initiatives. Commitment to audited ESD standards is encouraged.	i)	Refer ESD and Plan E Designs
	i) .Water management scheme/report recommended describing how		
	water should be managed on site. There is an opportunity for		
	efficient drip watering and potential grey water use.	j)	No dark roofs proposed
	j) Avoid dark metal surfaces on roofs or exposed insulated walls.	k)	Refer ESD and Civil Engineer Report
	k) Consider the sewage system as a part of ESD program.l) Waste management: consider areas for recycling waste.	1)	Refer Waste Management Report
	 Waste management: consider areas for recycling waste. m) Consider the use of PVs with proprietor as power provider and for 	1)	Telef Waste Management Report
	hot water provision.	m)	Heat pump proposed for HWU
	 n) Balance the need for large commercial windows with increased outgoings. 	n)	Large windows use primarily where focusing on
	o) Consider materials with better ESD outcomes including LCC and		views
	permeable and recycled paving materials.	o)	Refer ESD and Plan E Designs
	p) Provide Bike parking/racks.		Bike parking ahs been provide in excess in all the 3 precincts

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6: Amenity	 Strengths a) Overall, the proposed amenity of the units is of an acceptable standard for the cohort. b) Good access to light and ventilation. c) Unusual separated verandah roof design is supported. 	a) Notedb) Notedc) Noted
	 Areas for improvement d) The decks could benefit from more width. 2400 is tight and 2280 is too narrow. e) Open space locations/use of open space amenity. f) The approach to the reception & Club is lined with utilitarian structures; it could be more attractively framed. g) There are no designated external play areas for children. 	 d) The decks dimensions have noted on each accommodation type and compliant. e) The open space areas have been resolved and significant areas provided in the 2 precincts where required. Refer Architectural and landscape Dwgs. f) The whole design has been changed to provide a focal point on arrival. g) There is in the Short Stay but intentionally not in the Over 55.
7: Legibility	Strengths a) The pathways and driveways are simple and the legibility straight forward. b) Consider innovative fencing to define site. Is it just to control vehicles or to fence the whole of the over 55s area?' c) A clear hierarchy for pedestrian and vehicle access is provided. d) Bid numbers on units.	 a) This has been further rationalised and improved b) The perimeter fence will enclose the entire Over 55s development and is designed to be visually articulated, with variations in form and materials to provide either a permeable or solid appearance depending on location. This approach balances security, privacy, and visual integration with the surrounding streetscape and communal spaces. c) Yes and more developed. d) Noted
	Areas for improvement e) Some variety in the treatment of the roof elements would aid legibility for residents and visitors alike.	e) Varying roof forms have been developed for the Over 55's. Varying roof forms have been incorporated across the development. The three main three-storey buildings feature pitched roofs arranged to form a triangular composition , reflecting and complementing the scale and proportion of the Tavern and stables. This approach maintains a cohesive architectural character and ensures the new buildings sit harmoniously within the precinct.

	 f) The provision of two Roe Road entry points has advantages but will require signage strategies. See also lighting below in 8. g) Residential unit entries could be better defined, landscaped and weather protected. h) The only reference to pedestrian priority is a note on p40. i) No context images for streetscape elevations provided. 	f) There are advantages in the 2 separate entries as they allow access to respective parking areas and the small "unconnected land" next to the existing residential is used for caravan parking taking this movement away from the higher weighted main entrance. These would be designed with well-defined wayfinding. g) Refer updated plans h) Pedestrian priority is the mainstay of the overall design i) Refer DA submission.
8: Safety S	trengths a) Lots of eyes on the internal streets.	a) Agreed b) Functional
	b) Relatively simple layout.	c) Emergency access road now also added d) Added into plans to show no building zone as
	c) Paths accessible to emergency vehicles.d) New BAL assessment	asset protection zone.
A	reas for improvement	e) One way system has been removed
	e) Revise internal circulation. The one-way system could prove cumbersome and prone to pedestrian concern. Pedestrians should	o, one way cyclem had been removed
	take precedence. f) Re-examine having much of the parking on one side of the site, to improve walking distances and make for a safer parking area(s). See	f) Parking has now been dispersed on all 3 sides of the site.
	also 4. I) above. (Sewer position noted.) g) Develop a "subtle" external lighting strategy.	g) Lighting will be inground and also overhead
	h) Proximity of unit to battery store.	and only in car park areas h) Battery store relocated
	i) Perceived security of boats in the parking area.	i) Only caravans and trailers now housed

9: Community	Strengths
	 a) Increases options for local services and accommodation in the locality. b) Reception and Club remote from Tavern to service "project community". c) Tavern upgrade. d) Planned new building on Forrest Road. e) The project represents roughly a quarter of the area of the town centre and will have and will have a very substantial effect on the Capel. a) Various forms within each precinct have also been developed to provide more options. b) Placed at opposite ends so choice of both facilities c) Tavern upgrade does not form part of the DA d) This building will add to the streetscape and vibrancy of he main street e) Considerable time has been spent on relating to the impact of the development.
	Areas for improvement f) Further discussion/information on how the various components work together, for instance the pedestrian links from Club to Tavern and riverfront. f) Pedestrian connections have been carefully planned to promote walkability and integration across the precinct. The Over 55s development provides direct pedestrian links to the Tavern and Retail areas, encouraging convenient and safe movement. Similarly, the Short Stay accommodation connects to these same destinations, while Lot 12 further strengthens the network by introducing a defined pedestrian link along the side of the building, enhancing accessibility and connectivity throughout the site.
	g) Design for permanent housing should have more focus on the R-Code objectives rather minimal acceptable outcomes. g) The permanent housing has been assessed against SPP7.3 Vol 1 Part C, and the Planning Report acknowledges all the compliances.
	h) More levels on the plans would be useful in evaluating accessibility. h) Levels have now been shown on the Dwgs.
	The levels that the surveyor couldn't access along the river are

actually required.

10: Aesthetics	Strengths
	 a) The unit internal designs are functional, though the external connects struggle is some configurations. b) The colour pallet is supported, though the distribution of the schemes is to be confirmed. c) The preliminary images are encouraging, but they also demonstrate some of the issues noted above. a) The designs have now been fully developed and include in the DA documentation. The colour palette is further evolved c) More detail has now been provided.
	Areas for improvement
	d) There is a clear need to further develop the interrelationship between the buildings and landscape/setting. e) No detail was provided on the Tavern restoration and refurbishment, the two storey apartments, the Medical building on Forrest Road, the conversion of the dilapidated Stables, Men's Shed, or Club House. d) This has now evolved in conjunction with Plan E and the corresponding documentation The Tavern restoration is not part of this DA Application. Detail is now provide on the stables restoration and this has been vetted by Heritage Architects, Griffiths Architects (Refer the Report). Menshed is now part of the Club
	f) The extent of paved area immediately south of the Stables and 2 storey building is excessive. The intersection of the two grid directions could be better resolved, to favour pedestrian movement and green connection. House and more details has been provided on the Club House. The Short Stay parking has been consolidated behind the short stay dwellings to maximise views. The driveway through the Short Stay allow access to Lot 12 parking. A decision was made to close the crossover on Forrest St to provide more street activation. Significant trees have been retained in the car park and additional trees added every 4
	g) It was noted that without the "veranda" roof structures the base units have little aesthetic merit. It is therefore critical that the freestanding roof elements are included and that their designs be further developed. bays where required. g) Designs have been developed for both the Short Stay and the Over 55's.
Design Reviewer:	Signature: Date:
Craig Smith	In William 6 June 2025